

HZL/RDM/Env/2018-19/ 8935

06.09.2018

Registered A/D

The Member Secretary,
Rajasthan State Pollution Control Board,
4th, Institutional Area,
Jhalana Doongari
JAIPUR (RAJ.)
PIN - 302004

Subject: Environment Statement of Rajpura Dariba Mine for the financial year 2017 – 2018

Refer : File no. F(Mines)/Rajsamand(Railmagra)/1(1)/2008-2009/ 278 - 282/
23.04.2015

Sir,

Please find enclosed here with Environment statement for the financial year 2017 – 2018.

Thanking you,

Yours faithfully,


(Ram Murari)
Unit Head

Copy to:

1. Regional Officer,
Rajasthan State. Pollution Control Board,
18, Azad Nagar, Pannadhay Circle,
Near Telephone Exchange,
BHILWARA (RAJ.) PIN – 311001
2. Office copy.

Hindustan Zinc Limited

Rajpura Dariba Lead-Zinc Mine

PO: Dariba, The.Railmagra Distt. Rajsamand(Raj.) - 313211

Reg. Office: Yashad Bhawan, Udaipur (Rajasthan) 313 004

CIN - "L27204RJ1966PLC001208"

Form-V
(See Rule 14)

Environmental Statement for the financial year ending the 31st March 2018

PART –A

- (i) Name and address of the owner / occupier of the industry operation or process : Sh.Sunil Duggal CEO & Whole Time Director, HZL, Yashad Bhawan, Udaipur (Raj)
- (a) Name & Address of the Unit Head : Sh.Ram Murari, GM, HZL, RD Mine, Dariba-313211. Phone: 02952 – 265151, Fax: 02952- 265143
- (ii) Industry category : Major Industry
Primary :- (STC Code)
Secondary :- (STC Code)
- (iii) Production capacity: Units : 900000 TPA (Mining of Lead-Zinc Ore),
1200000 TPA (Lead-Zinc Ore Beneficiation)
- (iv) Year of establishment : 1983
- (v) Date of the last environmental Statement submitted : 20.07.2017

PART –B

(1) Water and raw material consumption

Water consumption	Year 2016-17	Year 2017-18
Process	3344 m3/day	3522 m3/day
Cooling	3.36 m3/day	3.26 m3/day
Domestic	1359 m3/day	1380 m3/day

Name of products	Process water consumption per unit of product output	
	During the current financial year (2016-17)	During the current financial year (2017-18)
	1	1
Zinc Concentrate & Lead Concentrate	13.03 m3/MT of concentrate	14.14 m3/MT of concentrate

(2) Raw material consumption

*Name of raw materials	Name of products	Consumption of raw material	
		During the current financial year (2016-17)	During the current financial year (2017-18)
Lead-Zinc Ore	Lead-Zinc Concentrate	10.47 MT* per ton of concentrate produced	10.27 MT* per ton of concentrate produced
Copper Sulphate		362.0 MT	302 MT
Sodium Cyanide		29.0 MT	26 MT
Xanthate		100.0 MT	108 MT

* Ore is being treated to separate Lead and Zinc Concentrate

Industry may use codes if disclosing details of raw material would violate contractual obligations, otherwise all industries have to name the raw materials used.

PART – C

Pollutant discharge to environment / unit of output

(Parameter as specified in consent issued)

Pollutants	Qty. of pollutants discharged (mass/day)	Concentrations of pollutants in discharged (mass/volume)		Percentage of variation from prescribed standard with reason
Trade effluents: Tailing slurry discharged to tailing dam	1188 MT/day	pH	6.7-7.9	Zero discharge
		Suspended Solids	15-55	
		Oil & Grease	3.0 – 6.0	
		BOD	2.4 - 27.5	
		COD	27.9 – 102.4	
Air Dust Emission From Stack (SPM)	0.67-0.91 Kg/hr	63.25-82.19 mg/ Nm ³		Within permissible limit

PART- D

HAZARDOUS WASTES

(as specified under Hazardous Wastes / Management and Handling Rules, 1989)

Hazardous Wastes	Total Quantity (Kg.)	
	During the current financial year (2016-17)	During the current financial year (2017-18)
(a) From process	1) 37.73 KL used oil; 2) 228.0 Kg residue from barrel cleaning; 3) 304 decontaminated Sodium Cyanide Containers.	1) 55.91 KL used oil; 2) 281Kg residue from barrel cleaning; 3) 511 decontaminated Sodium Cyanide Containers.
(b) From pollution control	Nil	Nil

PART- E

Solid Wastes

	Total Quantity	
	During the current financial year (2016-17)	During the current financial year (2017-18)
(a) From process (Tailings)	872231 MT	867095 MT
(b) From pollution control	Nil	Nil
(c) (1) Quantity recycled or re-utilized within the unit	436116 MT*	433547 MT*
(2) Sold	Nil	Nil
(3) Disposed to Tailing Dam	436116 MT	433547 MT

*Used as fill material for filling of underground voids.

PART – F

Please specify the characterizations (in terms of composition and quantum) of hazardous as well as solid wastes and indicate disposal practice for both these categories of wastes.

Solid Waste:

In the process of lead –zinc beneficiation, the solid waste generated as mill tailing. The mill tailing containing 25% solids are pumped after classification by hydro cyclones. 50% of the coarse tailings of the cyclone underflow are utilized for back filling in the underground mine. The cyclone overflow tailings are fed to tailing thickener and allowed to settle in the tailing thickener. The reclaimed water as an overflow from thickener is used as make up process water for beneficiation. Tailing thickener underflow tailings containing about 40 % solids are pumped to the tailing dam where the tailings are impounded and the clear water from the tailing dam is recycled to plant for reuse. The analysis of mill tailing is – Lead: 0.26 %, Zinc: 0.81%, and Iron: 10.76 %

Hazardous Waste:

Used Oil:-

The used lubricating oil is collected in empty drums and stored at earmarked place in the store yard for sale to actual users/re-processors duly registered by Ministry of Environment & Forests, Government of India, New Delhi.

Disposal of barrels of chemical substances:-

Sodium Cyanide is received in MS drums of capacity 95 Kg. Sodium Cyanide is used as depressant agent in Lead-Zinc flotation. The empty drums are de-contaminated by 5-7% Sodium Hypochlorite solution and given thorough wash with water. These drums are then flattened and stored in earmarked place and sent at common hazardous waste treatment storage facility at Gudli. The residue from this cleaning operation is reuse in process

PART – G

Impact of the pollution abatement measures taken on conservation of natural resources and on the cost of production.

The pollution control measures taken on conservation of natural resources are:

- Storage of tailings in the tailing dam.
- Reclamation and reuse of the tailing water for the plant operation.
- Construction of garland drain to prevent any possibility of leachate at tailing dam.
- Maintaining zero discharge from tailing dam.

PART- H

Additional measures / investment proposal for environmental protection including abatement of pollution, prevention of pollution.

- We have planted 6000 Nos. of plants during the last year 2016 -17 in the mine lease area. The planted species are Neem, Cassia, Sheesham etc.
- Storage of used oil in covered shed.
- Dust from ore crushing & handling equipments is being controlled by dust extraction system through wet scrubber & regular water spraying on industrial roads.
- Regular ambient air monitoring at 3 locations.
- Water quality of mine & wells around the mine complex is being monitored on monthly basis.
- Regular recycling of Tailing Dam Water for beneficiation plant reuse.
- Regular monitoring of noise & persons working in high noise area are provided with ear muffs & ear plugs.
- Overburden is dumped at the designated waste dump yard in a systematic manner.
- Expenditure on Environment for 2017-18 is Rs.17948143/-

PART – I

Any other particulars for improving the quality of the environment.

- Environment and pollution monitoring equipment like Respirable Dust sampler, stack monitoring kit, DB Meter and water analysis kit etc are available for regular monitoring.
- On 5th June every year World Environment Day is celebrated with great enthusiasm.
- Rajpura Dariba Mines have been 5 Star rated by IBM for the year 2017-18.
- Rajpura Dairba Mines participated in the 28th Mine Environment and Mineral Conservation week – 2017-18 for Ajmer region and vigorously celebrated the week from 03.01.2018 to 09.01.2018. Rajpura Dariba Mines won the following shields in the Underground Mechanized Mines category-

First Prize	Sustainable Development
First Prize	Afforestation
Second Prize	Systematic and Scientific Development
Third Prize	Mineral Beneficiation
First in Over All Performance	